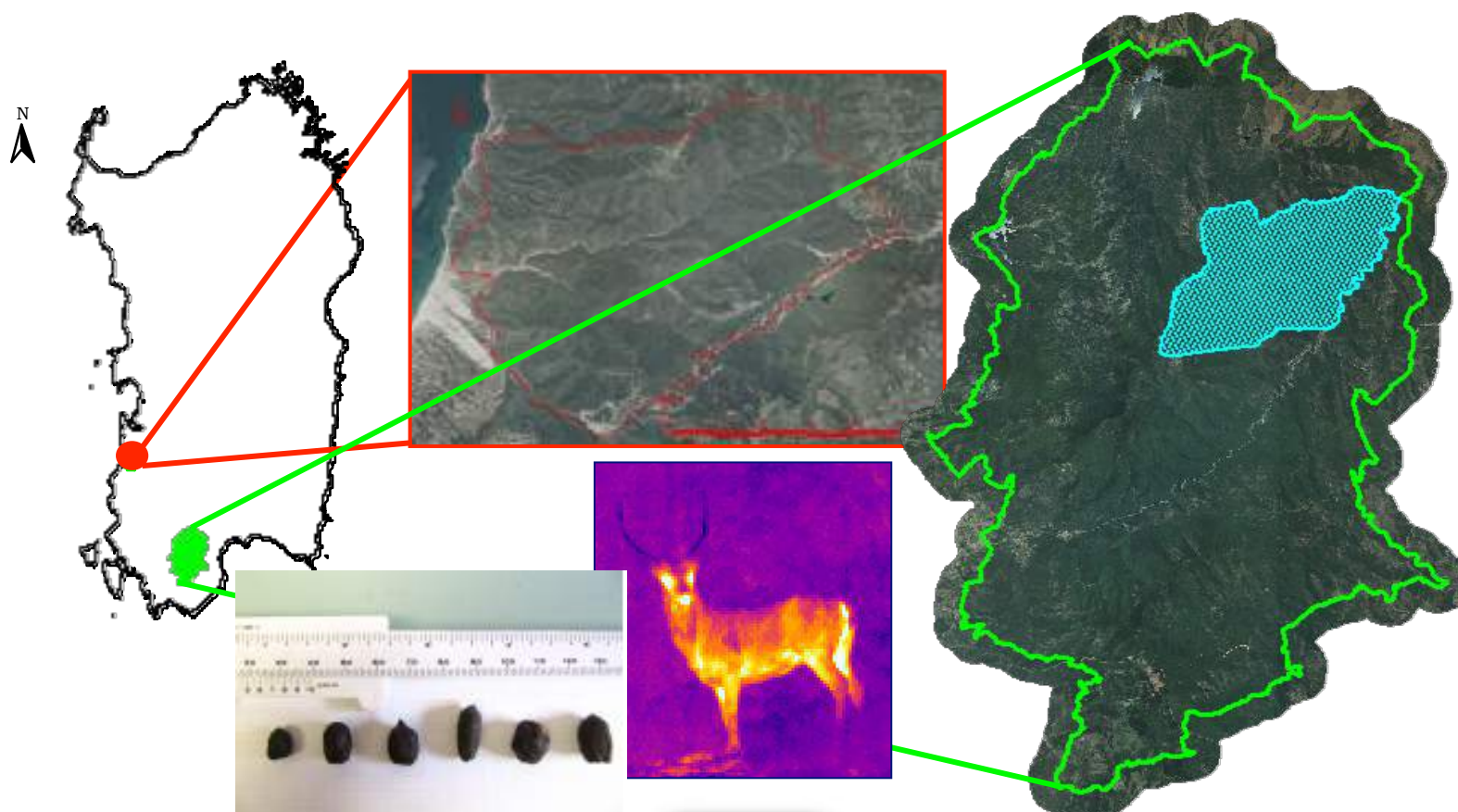


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Assessment of Red deer populations across Sardinia





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Why using Line Transect Sampling? (1)

- **Reliable population estimates => appropriate strategies for (i) effective conservation & (ii) correct management of overabundant ones.**
- **Elusive species, living in dense habitat & inhomogeneous distributed => standard sampling methods are inefficient**
- **Line transect sampling (LTS) is suited because (i) takes into account variables influencing the detectability (ii) estimates the probability of detection to adjust counts collected.**
- **LTS for elusive species can be applied on counts of signs or counts of animals at night, using thermal imagery.**
- **LTS is widely used for direct and indirect surveys of many wild species and the reliability of results given has been proved in several papers (Focardi et al, 2005; Acevedo et al, 2008; Franzetti et al, 2011; Chauvenet et al, 2017)**



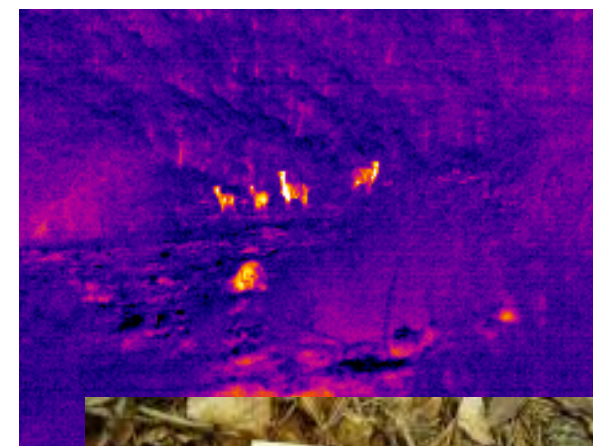
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Why using Line Transect Sampling? (2)

- Estimation of detection probability => to adjust counts
- Robust to heterogeneity in detectability
(survey effort, group size, number of group detected)
- Surveying dense habitats
- Surveying large areas
- Free software & statistical assistance

Thermal imaging

- Improves detection probability
- Reduces flushing probability



Pellet count

- flushing probability set to 0
- Instruments costs set near 0

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Methods / thermal imaging (1)





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provincia del
SUD SARDEGNA



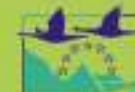
Park natural
regional
de Gennargentu
Parco di Gennargentu

Foresta

gestione forestale sostenibile
gestione forestale sostenibile
gestione forestale sostenibile



SardegnaForesta



NATURA 2000



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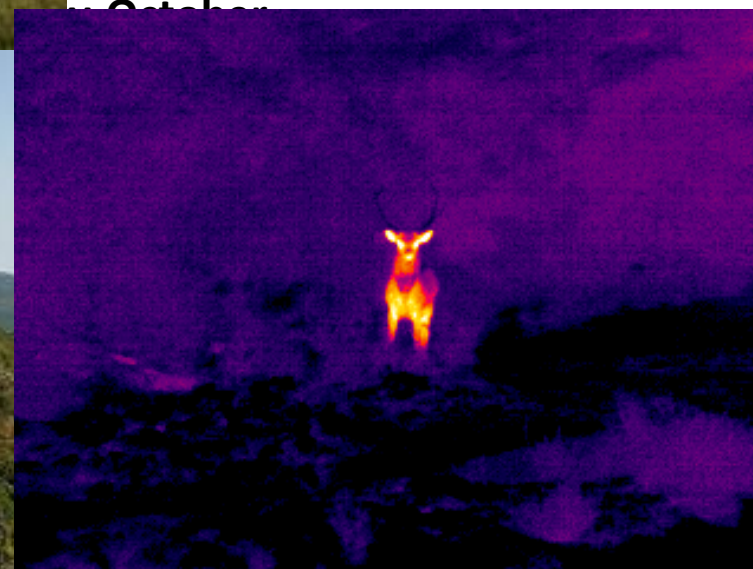
imaging (2)

ARCOSU (300 km²)

and fallow deer are also present

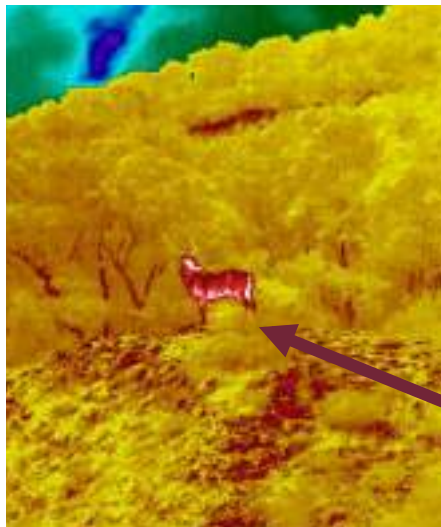
(3 survey replicates)

in October

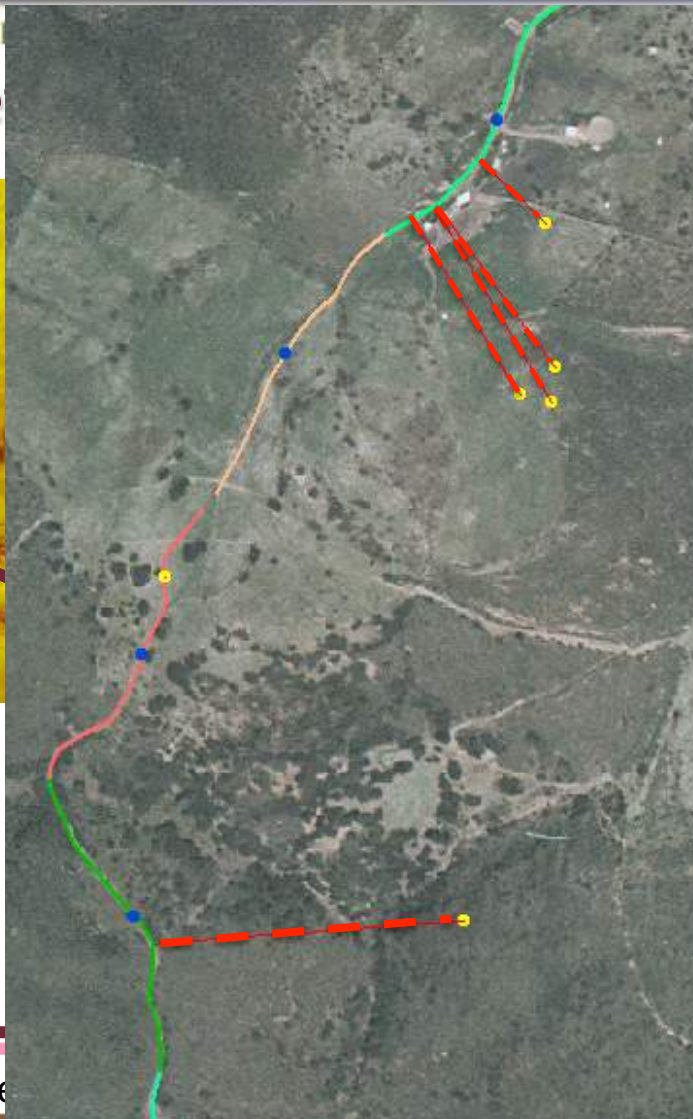


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Me



(deer location: 39,558N;8,562 E
plotted via GIS)



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(3)

Perpendicular distances



the
for
on)

d to



(observer location: 39,557N;8,570E)

direction of movement

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Methods / pellet counts (1)

SCI MONTE ARCOSU (300 km²)

2012-2014 (4 survey replicates: Autumn-Spring)

TOT effort: 32-33 km

Trnsects lenght: 0.2-0.3 km

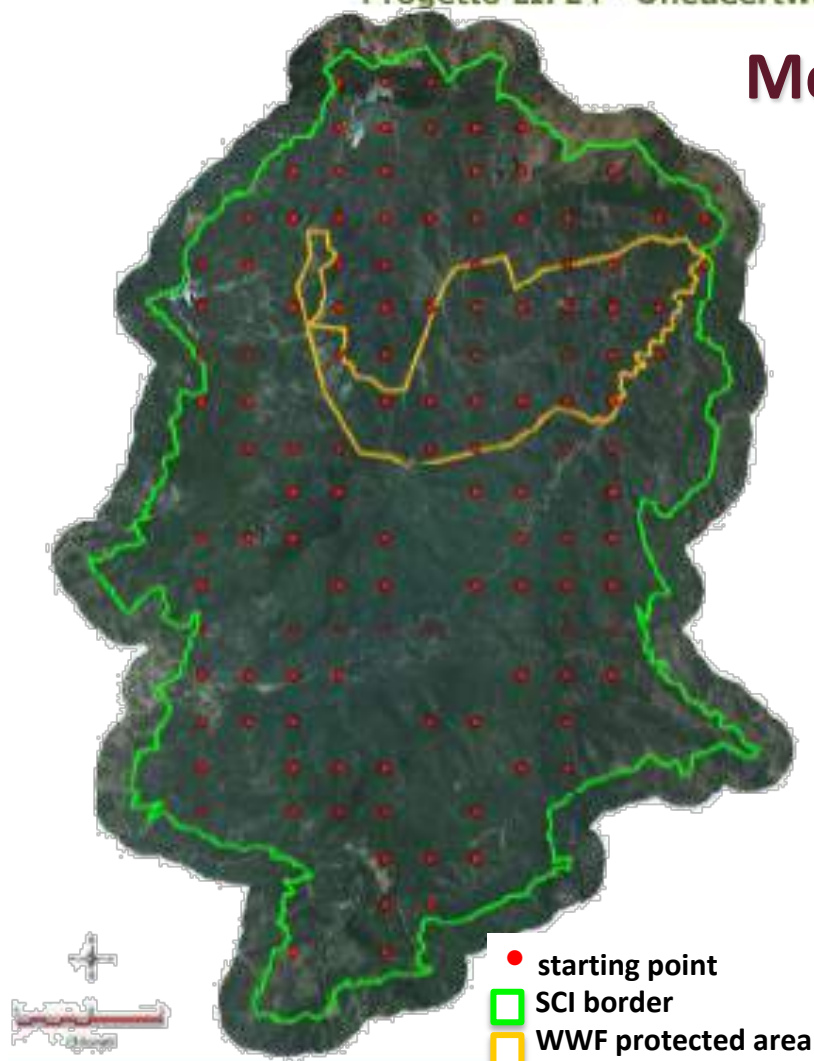
Survey lenght: 23-30 days

2 teams of 2 operators each

Transect covered following the maximum slope, from down to top, unrolling a ribbon to define the transect line

perpendicular distances from transect line were measured with a graduated stick (2 m)

20-46 pellet groups/km



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Methods / pellet counts (2)

RECOGNITION OF PELLETS

70 pellet groups of red deer



67 pellet groups of fallow deer



- differences between species were analyzed
- operators were subjected to recognition tests

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Methods / pellet counts (3)

DECAY RATE ESTIMATION (Retrospective Method)



Autumn decay rate: 122 ± 9 SE days
Spring decay rate: 71 ± 2 SE days

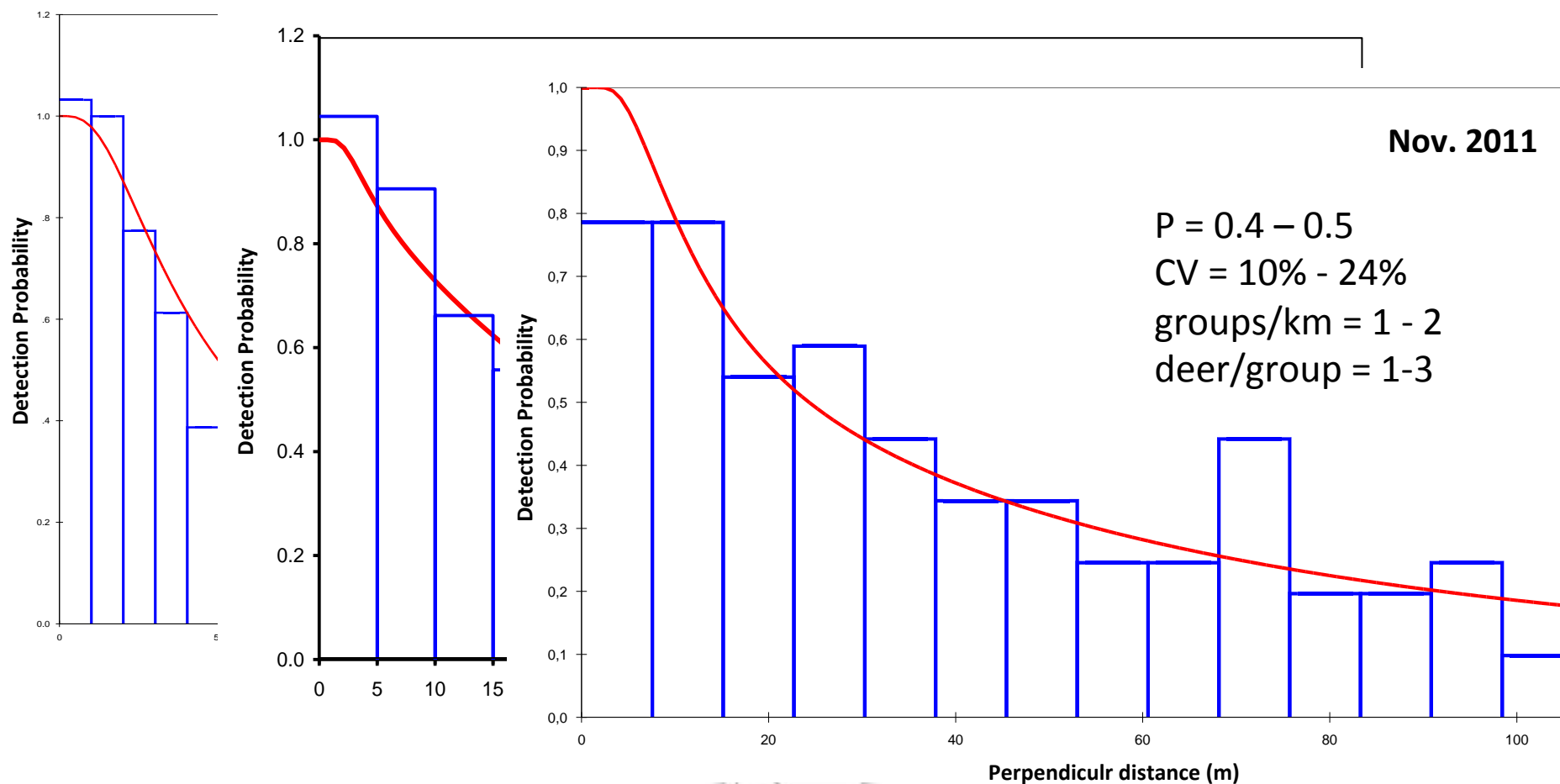


- 1 pellet group/site
- 25 site distributed proportionally to the extent of different habitat types
- presence and final disappearance of pellet groups are recorded monthly, during the 3-6 month before the planned survey
- during each visit new pellet are laid
- decay probability estimated as a function of time, using a logistic regression.

DEFECATION RATE $23,4 \pm 6.5$ SE pellet group/deer/day
(Mitchell & McCowan 1984; Mitchell et al.1983)

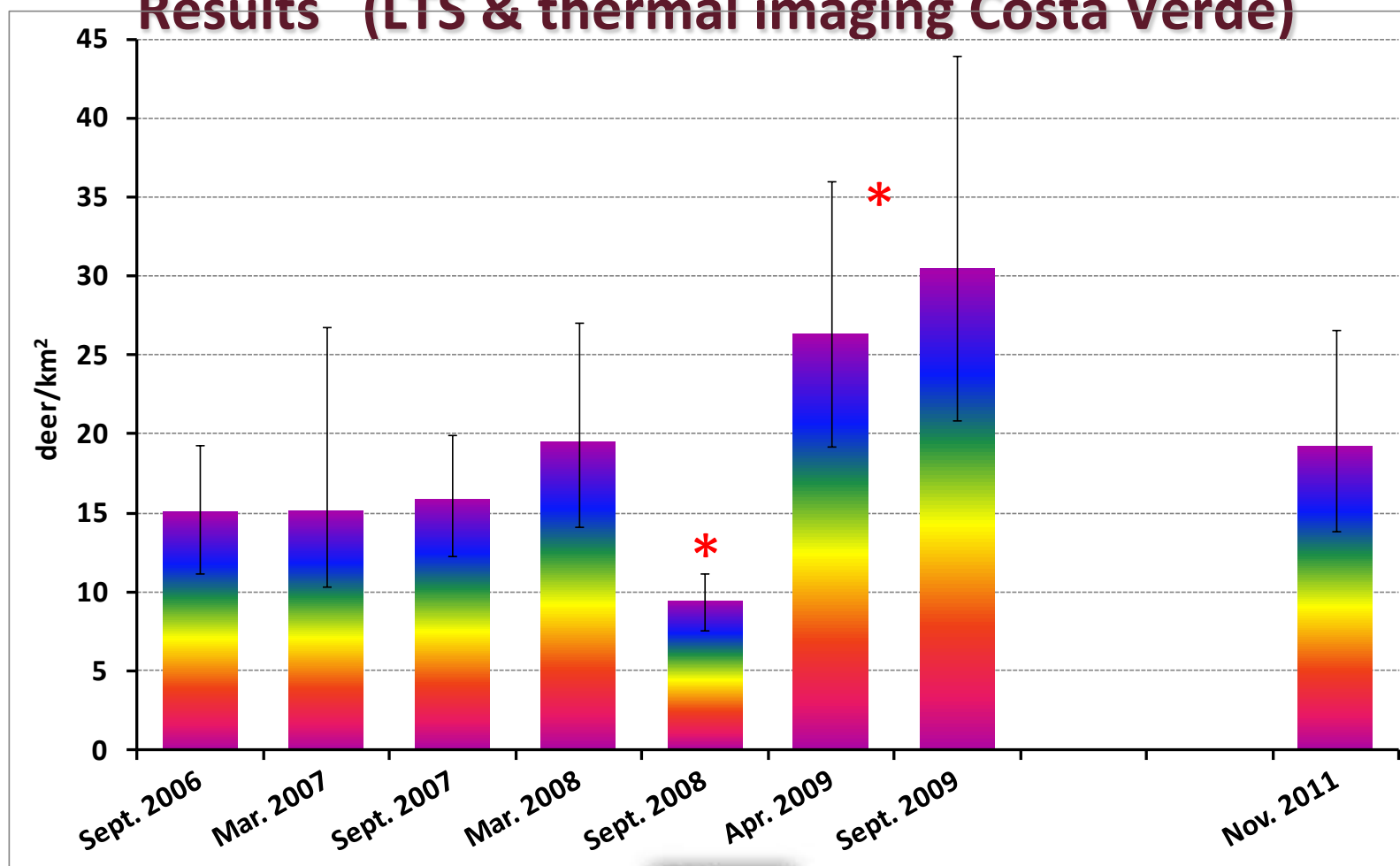
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Results (thermal imaging Costa Verde)



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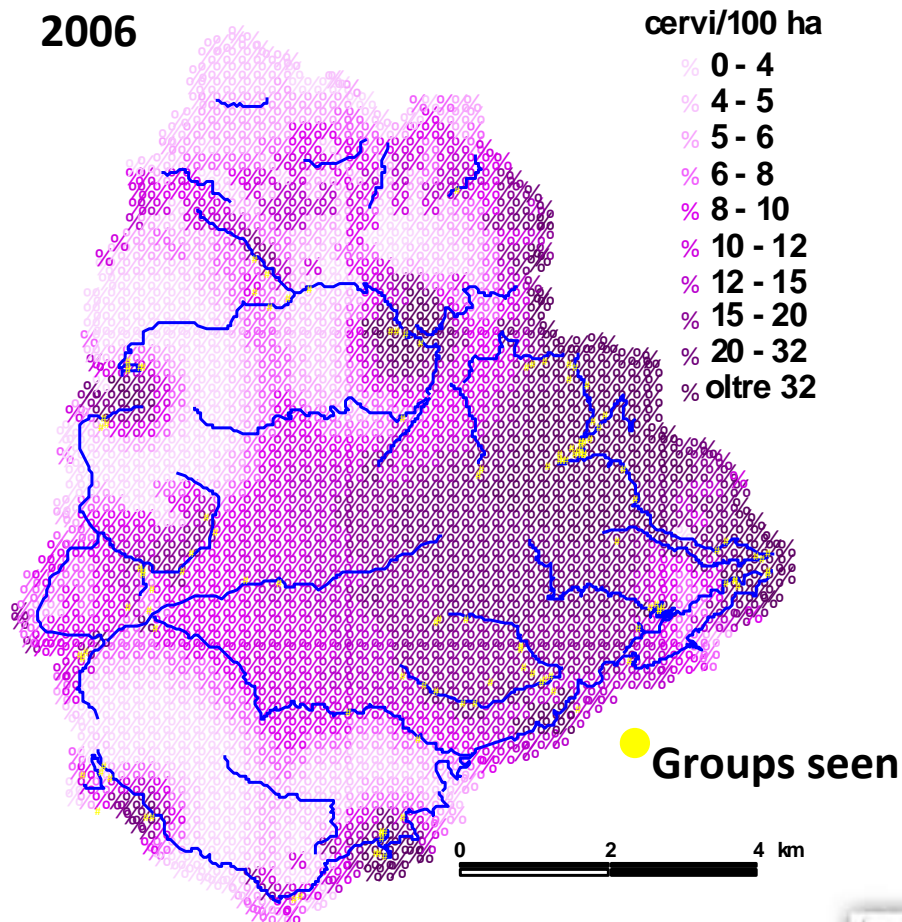
Results (LTS & thermal imaging Costa Verde)



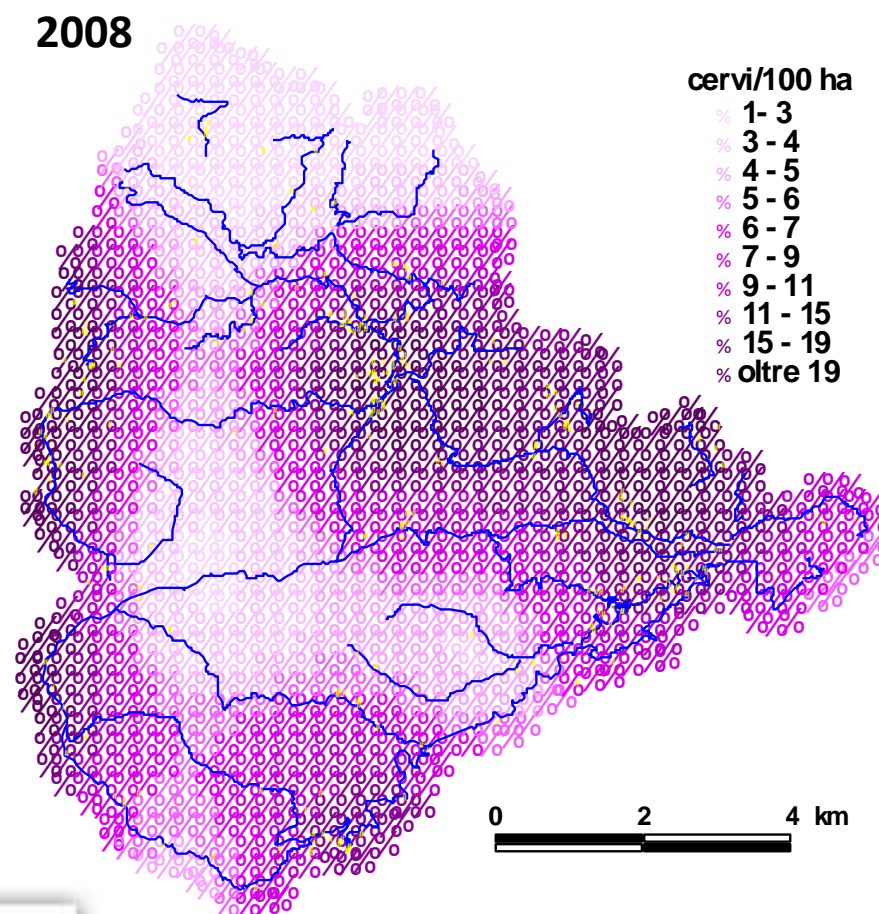
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Results (LTS & thermal imaging Costa Verde)

2006

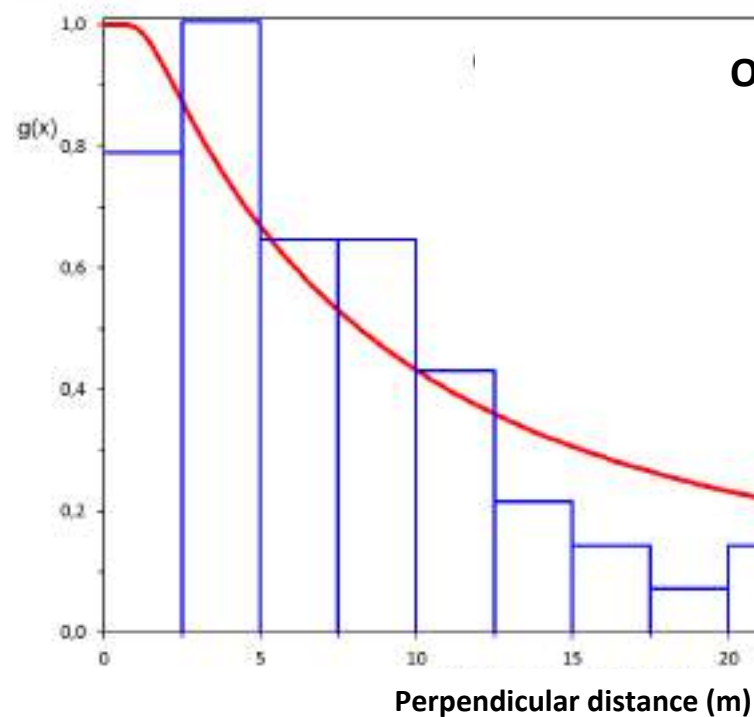


2008

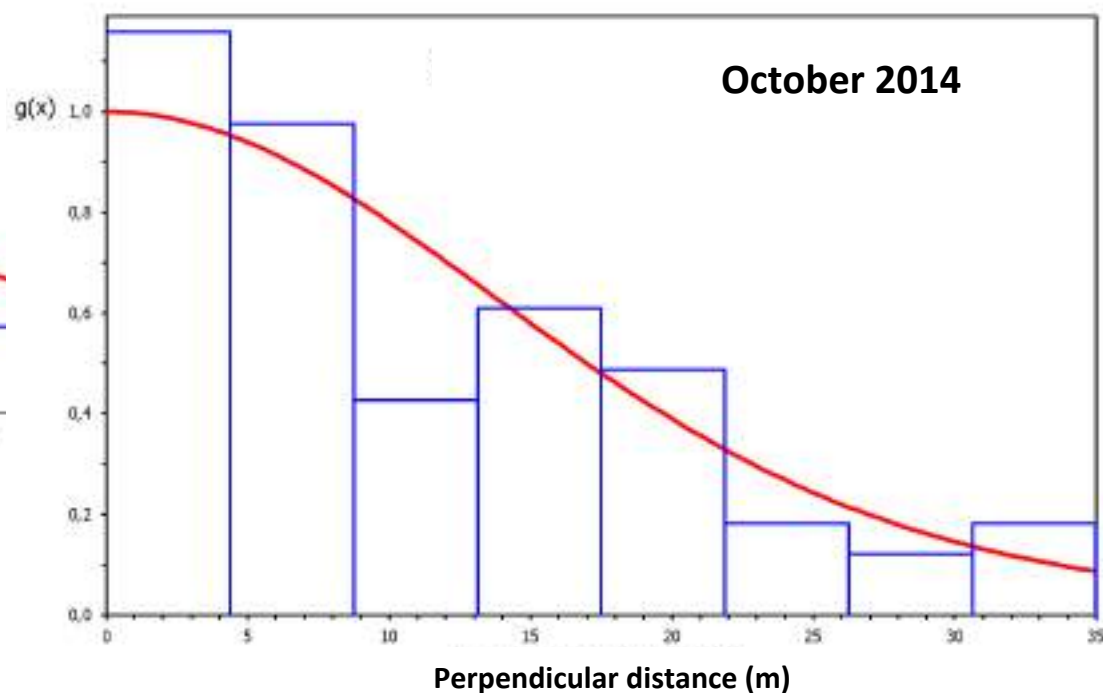


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Results (LTS & thermal imaging Monte Arcosu)



$P = 0.4 - 0.5$
 $CV = 19\% - 21\%$
 groups/km = 0.3 - 0.5
 deer/group = 1.5





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Parco naturale
regionale
del Monte
Arcosu

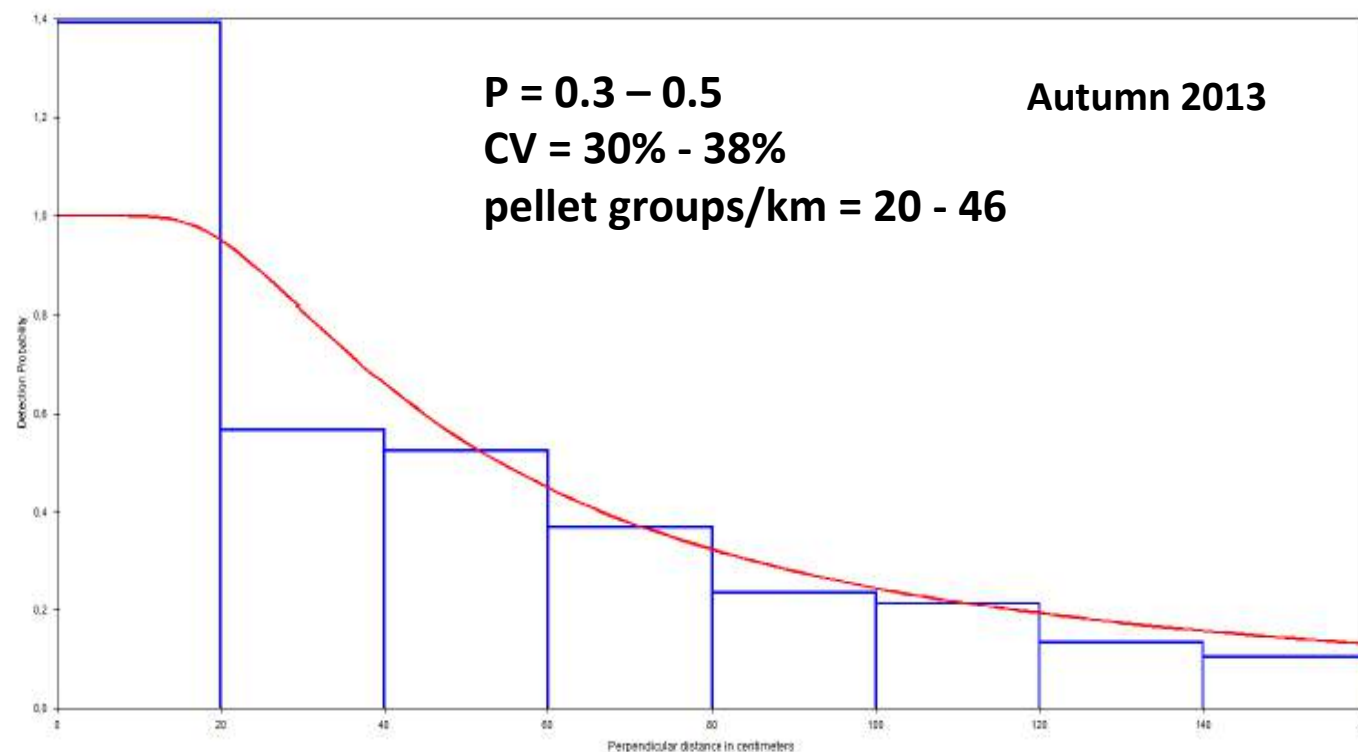
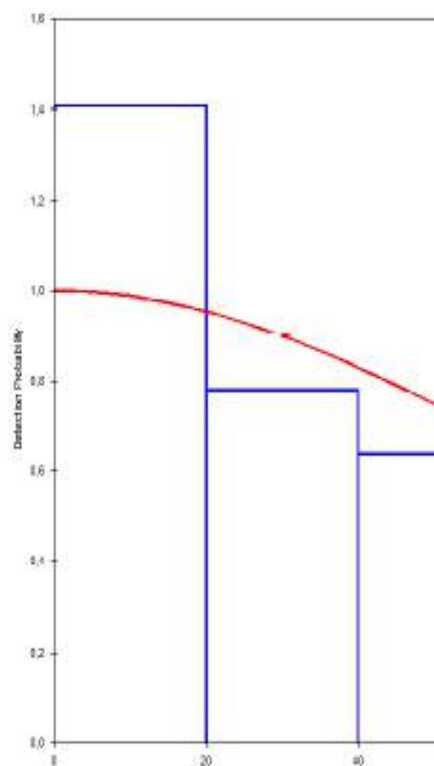


Forestas
SARDEGNA
SARDEGNAFORESTE



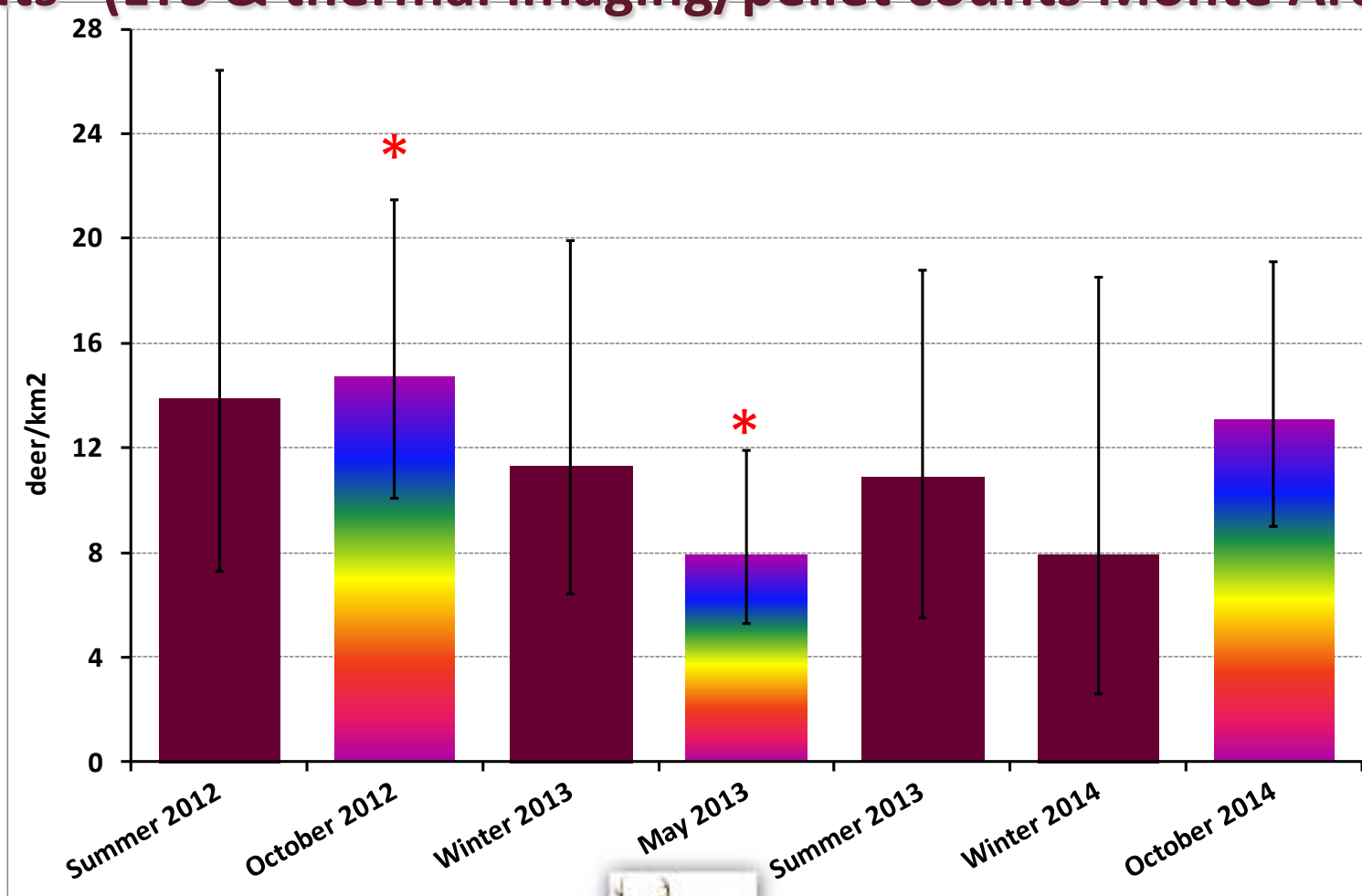
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Results (LTS & Pellet counts Monte Arcosu)



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Results (LTS & thermal imaging/pellet counts Monte Arcosu)





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Discussion

- LTS provides estimates characterized by a good average precision
 - ✓ despite species elusiveness and low visibility characterizing the study areas
 - ✓ provided that trained observers are involved
- the opportunity of obtaining maps of density gradients may support a more rational management of the impacts of the species on the habitat
- Direct LTS provides slightly better precision than Indirect one
- precision of the density in indirect surveys is indeed influenced by the estimation of the decay and the defecation rates (more sources of variation than with direct survey).
- LTS & thermal imaging takes pictures of the population (in specific areas and times)
- LTS & pellet counts gives a population estimation averaged among several month, referring to a certain period prior to the survey
- Sampling costs are mainly due to the work of trained personnel (new thermal imagery ~3-5,000€; pellet counts require huge amount of work dedicated to the estimation of decay & defecation rates)





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D.R.E.A.M. Italia

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Ente Foreste della Sardegna

WWF Oasi

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